National Bioengineered Food Disclosure Law Update

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Federal Disclosure Law: Background

- Law passed Senate and House in July 2016
- Authored by Senators Pat Roberts (R-KS) and Debbie Stabenow (D-MI)
- Strong bipartisan votes
 - House 306-117
 - Senate 63-30
- Signed by President July 29, 2016

VINIFORMITY

 Requires Secretary of Agriculture to establish a national, uniform disclosure standard for food intended for human consumption that is or may be "bioengineered"

PREEMPTION

 Prevents states and local governments from establishing or enforcing disclosure or labeling requirements except those that are identical to the national standard

- BIOENGINEERING: "With respect to a food, refers to a food—
 - (A) that contains genetic material that has been modified through in vitro recombinant DNA techniques; AND
 - (B) for which the modification could not otherwise be obtained through conventional breeding or found in nature"

- Broad category of foods intended for human consumption
- Foods regulated by FDA under the FFDCA
- Foods containing USDA-regulated ingredients (meat, poultry, eggs) if predominant ingredient of food would be regulated by FDA
- Broader scope than in Vermont

- Food served in restaurants or similar retail food establishments <u>not</u> covered
- Very small food manufacturers <u>not</u> covered
- Food with meat, poultry, or egg products as main ingredient not covered
- Not applicable to food solely because food derived from animals that consumed bioengineered feed

- Implementation by USDA under Agricultural Marketing Act
- USDA Rulemaking in 2 years (July 2018)
- Three options for disclosure:
 - Text on packaging
 - A symbol
 - An electronic or digital link (QR code)
- Alternatives for small packaging
- Access/retailer study in 1 year (July 2017)

Federal Disclosure Law: Rulemaking

- Scope Issues:
 - Undefined terms ("may be bioengineered," "conventional breeding")
 - Amount of a bioengineered substance that may be present to qualify as "bioengineered food"
 - "Non-GMO" standard for absence of bioengineered materials
 - Process for "other factors and conditions"
 - Treatment of highly refined products

Federal Disclosure Law: Rulemaking

- Disclosure:
 - Optional approach
 - Disclosure language
 - Symbol
 - "Other options" for disclosure per access/retailer study

Federal Disclosure Law: Rulemaking

Preemption:

- "Other similar terms"
- Exclusion for State/Federal statutory or common law remedies

• Other issues:

- Recordkeeping
- Enforcement re failure to disclose
- Organic consistency

Federal Disclosure Law: Initial Actions

- USDA's State Preemption Letters
- Vermont:
 - Preemption of Vermont law (and others not yet in effect)
 - AG statement of non-enforcement
 - Dismissal of Vermont litigation
- FSIS
- NOP Memorandum

Federal Disclosure Law: USDA Activity

- Proposed Timeline:
 - Access/retailer study (RFI issued; RFP in October, pending funding)
 - Advance Notice of Proposed Rulemaking (End of 2016)
 - AMS has identified "areas of discretion"
 - Includes 30+ areas for public comment, *e.g.*:
 - Definitions, e.g., "found in nature," "conventional breeding"
 - Amount of bioengineered substance for a food to be considered bioengineered
 - Investigations and enforcement

Federal Disclosure Law: USDA Activity

- Proposed Timeline:
 - Public stakeholder meetings/listening sessions (Nov Dec 2016)
 - Public comment review (~Spring/Summer 2017)
 - Access/retailer study complete (July 2017)
 - Notice of Proposed Rulemaking (~Fall 2017)
 - Final Rule (Summer 2018)

Questions?

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